

DEMO9S12NE64

User's Manual

How to Reach Us:

USA/Europe/Locations not listed:

Freescale Semiconductor Literature Distribution
P.O. Box 5405, Denver, Colorado 80217
1-800-521-6274 or 480-768-2130

Japan:

Freescale Semiconductor Japan Ltd.
SPS, Technical Information Center
3-20-1, Minami-Azabu
Minato-ku
Tokyo 106-8573, Japan
81-3-3440-3569

Asia/Pacific:

Freescale Semiconductor H.K. Ltd.
2 Dai King Street
Tai Po Industrial Estate
Tai Po, N.T. Hong Kong
852-26668334

Learn More:

For more information about Freescale Semiconductor products, please visit
<http://www.freescale.com>

Information in this document is provided solely to enable system and software implementers to use Freescale Semiconductor products. There are no express or implied copyright licenses granted hereunder to design or fabricate any integrated circuits or integrated circuits based on the information in this document.

Freescale Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes without further notice to any products herein. Freescale Semiconductor makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does Freescale Semiconductor assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit, and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation consequential or incidental damages. "Typical" parameters which may be provided in Freescale Semiconductor data sheets and/or specifications can and do vary in different applications and actual performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including "Typicals" must be validated for each customer application by customer's technical experts. Freescale Semiconductor does not convey any license under its patent rights nor the rights of others. Freescale Semiconductor products are not designed, intended, or authorized for use as components in systems intended for surgical implant into the body, or other applications intended to support or sustain life, or for any other application in which the failure of the Freescale Semiconductor product could create a situation where personal injury or death may occur. Should Buyer purchase or use Freescale Semiconductor products for any such unintended or unauthorized application, Buyer shall indemnify and hold Freescale Semiconductor and its officers, employees, subsidiaries, affiliates, and distributors harmless against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, and reasonable attorney fees arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use, even if such claim alleges that Freescale Semiconductor was negligent regarding the design or manufacture of the part.

Freescale™ and the Freescale logo are trademarks of Freescale Semiconductor, Inc. All other product or service names are the property of their respective owners.

© Freescale Semiconductor, Inc. 2005.

Table of Contents

Section 1. General Information

1.1	Introduction.	9
1.2	System Requirements	9
1.3	DEMO9S12NE64 Layout.	9
1.4	Specifications	13

Section 2. Support Information

2.1	Introduction.	15
2.2	Configuring Board Components.	15
2.3	I/O Connector J50	15
2.4	SCI Connector J53	19
2.5	BDM Connector J3	20
2.6	Power Connector J52	20
2.7	Troubleshooting	21

List of Figures

1-1	DEMO9S12NE64 Case Silk	10
1-2	DEMO9S12NE64 Top Side.	11
1-3	DEMO9S12NE64 Bottom Side.	12
2-1	I/O Connector (J50) Pin Assignments	16
2-2	SCI Connector J53 Pin Assignments	19
2-3	BDM Connector J3 Pin Assignments	20
2-4	Power Connector J52 Pin Assignments	21

List of Tables

1-1	Specifications	13
2-1	Configuration Components	15
2-2	I/O Connector (J50) Signal Descriptions.	16
2-3	SCI Connector J53 Signal Descriptions.	19
2-4	BDM Connector J3 Signal Descriptions	20
2-5	Power Connector J52 Signal Descriptions.	21

User's Manual — DEMO9S12NE64 User's Manual

Section 1. General Information

1.1 Introduction

This user's manual explains connection and configuration of the Freescale DEMO9S12NE64. The DEMO9S12NE64 makes possible the development of code for target systems based on the MC9S12NE64 microcontroller unit (MCU). To set up and run the included demo program, please refer to the Quick Start guide supplied with the DEMO9S12NE64. There is also a soft copy of the quick start guide on the included resource CD.

1.2 System Requirements

An IBM PC or compatible running Windows® 98, Windows 2000, Windows NT® (version 4.0), or Windows® XP with at least 32MB of RAM an RS-232 serial port, and an Ethernet network card.

1.3 DEMO9S12NE64 Layout

- Figure 1-1 shows the case silk on the top of the DEMO9S12NE64
- Figure 1-2 and Figure 1-3 show the top and bottom side layout of the DEMO9S12NE64
- U1 is the MC9S12NE64 MCU in an LQFP 112 pin package
- S1 is user switch 1 (SW1) which is connected to I/O pin PE<0>. S2 is user switch 2 (SW2) which is connected to I/O pin PH<4>. S3 is the reset switch
- DS1 is user LED 1 which is connected to I/O pin PG<0>. DS2 is user LED 2 which is connected to I/O pin PG<1>. DS3 is the power LED and indicates 3.3 VDC out of the on-board voltage regulator.
- VR1 is a potentiometer that controls a variable voltage input to the Analog to Digital (ADC) input pin PAD<0>.

- J3 is the Background Debug Mode (BDM) header. It is a 2x3 100 mil center header compatible with BDM programming hardware such as P&E's Multilink.
- J50 is a 40-pin I/O connector that can be used to interface with other boards.
- J51 is the Ethernet connector that connects the DEMO9S12NE64 to the network card of a PC via the included Crossover Ethernet cable.
- J52 is barrel power socket that accepts a 6.3mm power supply plug. The center pin of this connector is positive.
- J53 is a DB-9 connector connected to the Serial Communication Interface (SCI) of the MC9S12NE64. This connector has a Data Carrier Equipment (DCE) pinout.

S50 is a slide switch (SW3) connected to I/O pin PG<4>. When this switch is in the 1 position PG<4> is pulled high to 3.3 VDC through a 10K ohm resistor. When S50 is in the 0 position PG<4> is tied directly to GND.

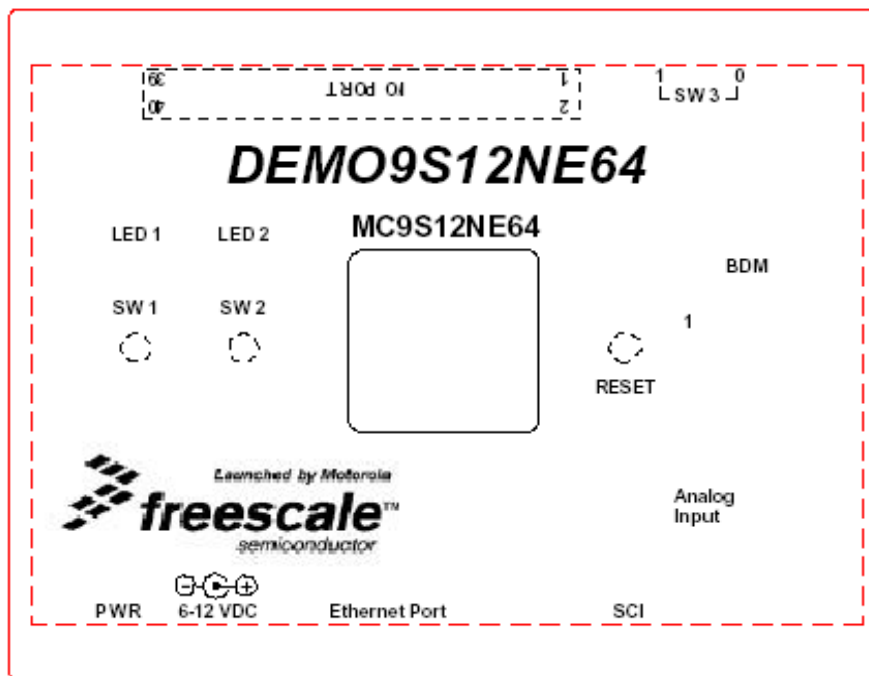


Figure 1-1 DEMO9S12NE64 Case Silk



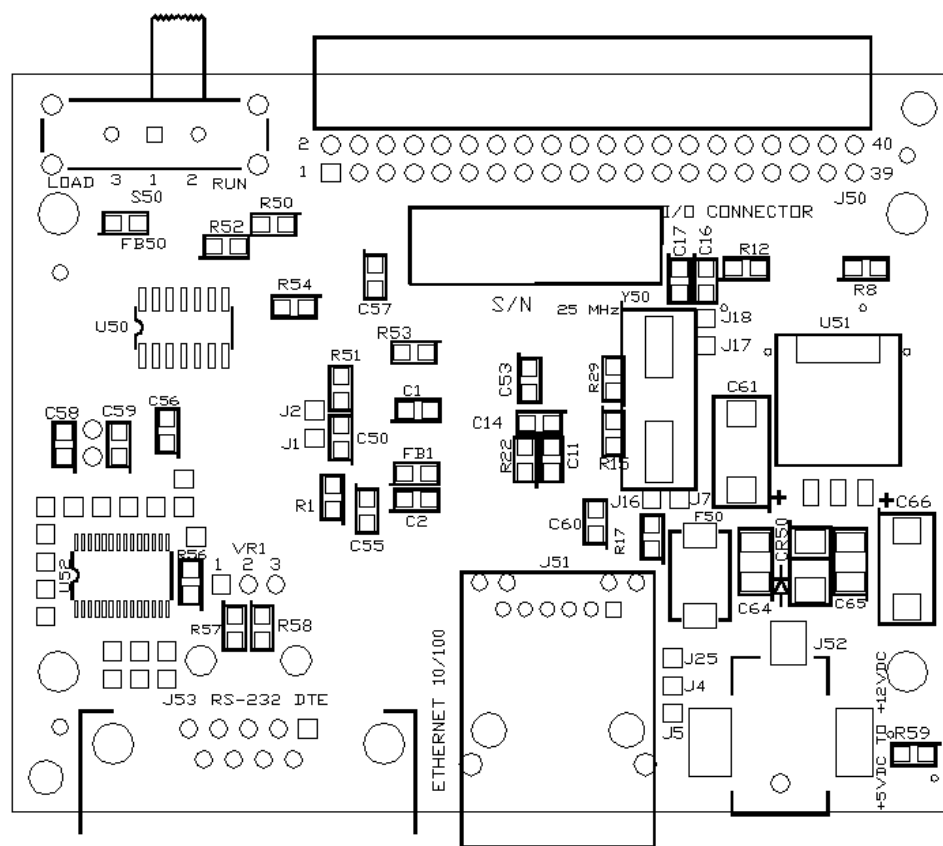


Figure 1-3 DEMO9S12NE64 Bottom Side

1.4 Specifications

Table 1-1 lists DEMO9S12NE64 specifications

Table 1-1 Specifications

Characteristic	Specifications
Maximum Clock speed	25-MHz at 3.3V (12.5-MHz bus)
Temperature operating storage	-10° to +50° C -40° to +85° C
MCU Extension I/O	HCMOS Compatible at 3.3V
Relative humidity	0 to 90% (noncondensing)
Power requirements	6 to 12 VDC 0.75 Amp supplied externally. A barrel type power plug is required with an outside diameter of 5.5mm and an inside diameter of 2.1mm.
Dimensions	3.0 X 4.5 X 1.25 inches (76.2 x 114.3 x 31.7 mm)



User's Manual — DEMO9S12NE64 User's Manual

Section 2. Support Information

2.1 Introduction

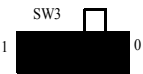
This section explains DEMO9S12NE64 preparation, how to set switches and how to make system connections. It also consists of connector pin assignments, connector signal descriptions, and other information that may be useful in your development activities.

CAUTION: ESD Protection

Freescall development tools contain static-sensitive components. These boards are subject to damage from electrostatic discharge (ESD). To prevent such damage, you must use static-safe work surfaces and grounding straps, as defined in ANSI/EOS/ESD S6.1 and ANSI/EOS/ESD S4.1. All handling of these boards must be in accordance with ANSI/EAI 625.

2.2 Configuring Board Components

Table 2-1 Configuration Components

Component	Position	Effect
Switch, SW3		<p>SW3: Controls the value of I/O pin PG<4>. In the 1 position (labeled in silk on the case) PG<4> is pulled high to 3.3 VDC through a 10K ohm resistor. In the 0 position, PG<4> is tied directly to GND.</p> <p>This switch is used by the serial monitor to put the monitor into Load or Run mode. To put the monitor into Load mode, set SW3 to the 0 position. To put the monitor into Run mode, set SW3 to the 1 position.</p>

2.3 I/O Connector J50

Connector J50 is an I/O expansion connector that can be used to interface the DEMO9S12NE64 to other boards. Figure 2-1 and Table 2-2 give the pin assignments and signal descriptions for connector J50.

J50				
P3_3V	1	• •	2	IRQ_B
GND	3	• •	4	RESET_B
PS<1>	5	• •	6	PJ<0>
PS<0>	7	• •	8	PJ<1>
PH<4>	9	• •	10	PAD<0>
PH<5>	11	• •	12	PAD<1>
PT<4>	13	• •	14	PAD<2>
PT<5>	15	• •	16	PAD<3>
PS<5>	17	• •	18	PAD<4>
PS<4>	19	• •	20	PAD<5>
PS<6>	21	• •	22	PAD<6>
PS<7>	23	• •	24	PAD<7>
PG<0>	25	• •	26	PJ<6>
PG<1>	27	• •	28	PJ<7>
PG<2>	29	• •	30	PJ<2>
PG<3>	31	• •	32	PJ<3>
PG<4>	33	• •	34	PT<6>
PG<5>	35	• •	36	PT<7>
PG<6>	37	• •	38	PS<2>
PG<7>	39	• •	40	PS<3>

Figure 2-1 I/O Connector (J50) Pin Assignments

Table 2-2 I/O Connector (J50) Signal Descriptions

Pin	Label	Signal
1	P3_3V	3.3 VDC supplied from the DEMO9S12NE64
2	IRQ_B	IRQ_B, which is also PE1, is always an input and can always be read. This input is used for requesting an asynchronous interrupt to the MCU. When used as an interrupt pin, this signal is active-low
3	GND	GROUND
4	RESET_B	Active low bidirectional control signal that acts as an input to initialize the MCU to a known start-up state. It also acts as an open-drain output to indicate that an internal failure has been detected in either the clock monitor or COP watchdog circuit
5	PS<1>	PS1 is a general purpose input or output. When the Serial Communications Interface 0 (SCI0) transmitter is enabled the PS1 pin is configured as the transmit pin, TXD, of SCI0
6	PJ<0>	PJ0 is a general purpose I/O pin. When the EMAC MII interface is enabled it becomes the management data clock(MII_MDC) signal
7	PS<0>	PS0 is a general purpose input or output. When the Serial Communications Interface 0 (SCI0) receiver is enabled the PS0 pin is configured as the receive pin RXD0 of SCI0
8	PJ<1>	PJ1 is a general purpose I/O pin. When the EMAC MII interface is enabled it becomes the Management Data I/O (MII_MDIO) signal
9	PH<4>	PH4 is a general purpose input or output pin. When the EMAC MII interface is enabled it becomes the transmit Clock (MII_TXCLK) signal

Table 2-2 I/O Connector (J50) Signal Descriptions (Continued)

Pin	Label	Signal
10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24	PAD<0> - PAD<7>	PAD[7:0] are the analog inputs for the analog to digital converter (ADC). They can also be configured as general purpose digital input
11	PH<5>	PH5 is a general purpose input or output pin. When the EMAC MII interface is enabled it becomes the transmit Enabled (MII_TXEN) signal
13, 15, 34, 36	PT<4>, PT<5>, PT<6>, PT<7>	PT[7:4] are general purpose input or output pins. When the Timer system 1 (TIM1) is enabled they can also be configured as the TIM1 input capture or output compare pins IOC1[7-4]
17	PS<5>	PS5 is a general purpose input or output pin. When the Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) is enabled PS5 is the master output (during master mode) or slave input (during slave mode) pin (MOSI)
19	PS<4>	PS4 is a general purpose input or output pin. When the Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) is enabled PS4 is the master input (during master mode) or slave output (during slave mode) pin (MISO)
21	PS<6>	PS6 is a general purpose input or output pin. When the Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) is enabled PS6 becomes the serial clock pin, SCK
23	PS<7>	PS7 is a general purpose input or output. When the Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) is enabled PS7 becomes the slave select pin SS
25	PG<0>	PG6 is a general purpose input or output pin. When the EMAC MII interface is enabled it becomes the receive data (MII_RXD0) signal
26	PJ<6>	PJ6 is a general purpose input or output pin. When the IIC module is enabled it becomes the Serial Data Line (IIC_SDL) for the IIC module (IIC)
27	PG<1>	PG1 is a general purpose input or output pin. When the EMAC MII interface is enabled it becomes the receive data (MII_RXD1) signal
28	PJ<7>	PJ7 is a general purpose input or output pin. When the IIC module is enabled it becomes the serial clock line (IIC_SCL) for the IIC module (IIC)
29	PG<2>	PG2 is a general purpose input or output pin. When the EMAC MII interface is enabled it becomes the receive data (MII_RXD2) signal
30	PJ<2>	PJ2 is a general purpose input or output pin. When the EMAC MII interface is enabled it becomes the carrier sense (MII_CRS) signal
31	PG<3>	PG3 is a general purpose input or output pin. When the EMAC MII interface is enabled it becomes the receive data (MII_RXD3) signal
32	PJ<3>	PJ3 is a general purpose input or output pin. When the EMAC MII interface is enabled it becomes the collision (MII_COL) signal
33	PG<4>	PG4 is a general purpose input or output pin. When the EMAC MII interface is enabled it becomes the receive clock (MII_RXCLK) signal
35	PG<5>	PG5 is a general purpose input or output pin. When the EMAC MII interface is enabled it becomes the receive data valid (MII_RXDV) signal
37	PG<6>	PG6 is a general purpose input or output pin. When the EMAC MII interface is enabled it becomes the receive error (MII_RXER) signal
38	PS<2>	PS2 is a general purpose input or output. When the Serial Communications Interface 1 (SCI1) receiver is enabled the PS2 pin is configured as the receive pin RXD of SCI1

Table 2-2 I/O Connector (J50) Signal Descriptions (Continued)

Pin	Label	Signal
39	PG<7>	PG7 is a general purpose input or output pin. It can be configured to generate an interrupt(KWG7) causing the MCU to exit STOP or WAIT mode
40	PS<3>	PS3 is a general purpose input or output. When the Serial Communications Interface 1 (SCI1) transmitter is enabled the PS3 pin is configured as the transmit pin, TXD, of SCI1

2.4 SCI Connector J53

Connector J53 is the SCI connector which is pinned out according to the DCE format. Figure 2-2 and Table 2-3 give pin assignments and signal descriptions for connector J53.

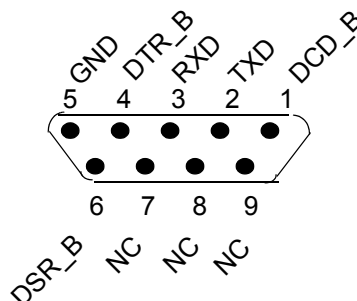


Figure 2-2 SCI Connector J53 Pin Assignments

Table 2-3 SCI Connector J53 Signal Descriptions

Pin	Label	Signal
1, 4, 6	DCD_B, DTR_B, DSR_B	Pins 1, 4 and 6 are the active-low Data Carrier Detect, Data Terminal Ready, and Data Set Ready signals. These pins are connected together through zero ohm resistors. To disconnect pin 1 from pin 4, remove R58. To disconnect pin 6 from pin 4, remove R57
2	TXD	Pin 2 is the transmit data pin. It is connected to PS<1> of the MC9S12NE64 through a MAX3243 RS-232 Line Driver
3	RXD	Pin 3 is the receive data pin. It is connected to PS<0> of the MC9S12NE64 through a MAX3243 RS-232 Line Driver
5	GND	GROUND
7, 8, 9	NC	Pins 7, 8, and 9 can be used as active-low Request to Send (RTS_B), Clear to Send (CTS_B), and Ring Indicator (RI_B) pins. These pins on J53 are not connected on the DEMO9S12NE64. If these pins need to be utilized, they can be accessed through the unpopulated one pin headers J28, J27, and J26 respectively

2.5 BDM Connector J3

Connector J3 is the BDM connector. Figure 2-3 and Table 2-4 give the pin assignments and signal descriptions for this connector. You can connect hardware such as P&E’s BDM Multilink to this connector for debugging purposes.

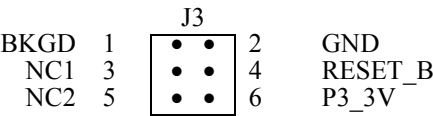


Figure 2-3 BDM Connector J3 Pin Assignments

Table 2-4 BDM Connector J3 Signal Descriptions

Pin	Label	Signal
1	BKGD	Background pin used as a pseudo-open-drain pin for background debug communication
2	GND	GROUND
3, 5	NC	No connection
4	RESET_B	Active low bidirectional control signal that acts as an input to initialize the MCU to a known start-up state
6	P3_3V	3.3 VDC supplied from the DEMO9S12NE64

2.6 Power Connector J52

Connector J52 is the PWR connector. Figure 2-4 and Table 2-5 give the pin assignments and signal descriptions for this connector. This connector accepts a center positive barrel type power plug with an outside diameter of 5.5mm and an inside diameter of 2.1mm. The power circuit accepts input voltages from 6 VDC to 12 VDC and currents up to 0.75 amps.

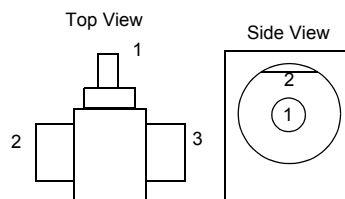


Figure 2-4 Power Connector J52 Pin Assignments

Table 2-5 Power Connector J52 Signal Descriptions

Pin	Label	Signal
1 (Center)	VIN	Voltage In, 6-12 VDC, 0.75 Amps
2 (Outside)	SLEEVE	GROUND
3 (Outside)	P_NC	No connection

2.7 Troubleshooting

When using your DEMO9S12NE64 there are several issues you may run into. Some of these issues and possible solutions are listed below. It may be helpful to refer to the schematic and bill of materials located on the included resource CD.

Issue: I am having trouble running code that performs Ethernet Auto Negotiation

Answer: The DEMO9S12NE64 currently does not support Ethernet Auto Negotiation. The demo code shipped with the DEMO9S12NE64 includes Auto Negotiation code however this feature is turned off. The option for enabling this code is in the file etherinit.h in the line:

```
#define AUTO_NEG 0
```

Setting this definition to 1 will enable Auto Negotiation

Issue: I am having trouble getting the DEMO9S12NE64 to communicate over the ethernet.

Answer: The demo code shipped in the DEMO9S12NE64 has a non IEEE compliant MAC address for example only. If you have more than one DEMO9S12NE64 connected to your network, they will both have the same MAC address and there could be an ethernet conflict. You can change the MAC address in the demo or connection programs by changing the variable hard_address in the file address.c

Issue: I can not get the DEMO9S12NE64 to power up

Answer: Make sure you are using a power supply that is between + 6 VDC and + 12 VDC. It should have a center positive barrel type connector with an inside diameter of 2.1mm and an outside diameter of 5.5mm. When power is connected correctly the green LED marked "PWR" will light up denoting + 3.3 VDC out of the on-board regulator. There is a resettable 0.75A fuse on the DEMO9S12NE64. If you plug in a power supply with the wrong polarity or exceed 0.75A, remove power from the DEMO9S12NE64 for 1 minute before attempting to power up the DEMO9S12NE64 again.

Issue: When trying to program the part through the serial monitor I have the board hooked up correctly but still get a message that says "Could Not Connect to Hardware"

Answer: Make sure you do not have another program, such as a terminal program, using the com port you are trying to program the DEMO9S12NE64 through.

Issue: I have connected the Ethernet port of my DEMO9S12NE64 to my computer, or Local Area Network (LAN), but I am not seeing the correct Ethernet output in the demo program.

Answer: If you are connecting the DEMO9S12NE64 directly to your computer, make sure you are using an Ethernet crossover cable. An Ethernet crossover cable is supplied with your DEMO9S12NE64. If you are connecting the DEMO9S12NE64 to your LAN, you need to use a straight through Ethernet cable.

How to Reach Us:

USA/Europe/Locations not listed:

Freescale Semiconductor Literature Distribution
P.O. Box 5405, Denver, Colorado 80217
1-800-521-6274 or 480-768-2130

Japan:

Freescale Semiconductor Japan Ltd.
SPS, Technical Information Center
3-20-1, Minami-Azabu
Minato-ku
Tokyo 106-8573, Japan
81-3-3440-3569

Asia/Pacific:

Freescale Semiconductor H.K. Ltd.
2 Dai King Street
Tai Po Industrial Estate
Tai Po, N.T. Hong Kong
852-26668334

Learn More:

For more information about Freescale Semiconductor products, please visit
<http://www.freescale.com>

Information in this document is provided solely to enable system and software implementers to use Freescale Semiconductor products. There are no express or implied copyright licenses granted hereunder to design or fabricate any integrated circuits or integrated circuits based on the information in this document.

Freescale Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes without further notice to any products herein. Freescale Semiconductor makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does Freescale Semiconductor assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit, and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation consequential or incidental damages. "Typical" parameters which may be provided in Freescale Semiconductor data sheets and/or specifications can and do vary in different applications and actual performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including "Typicals" must be validated for each customer application by customer's technical experts. Freescale Semiconductor does not convey any license under its patent rights nor the rights of others. Freescale Semiconductor products are not designed, intended, or authorized for use as components in systems intended for surgical implant into the body, or other applications intended to support or sustain life, or for any other application in which the failure of the Freescale Semiconductor product could create a situation where personal injury or death may occur. Should Buyer purchase or use Freescale Semiconductor products for any such unintended or unauthorized application, Buyer shall indemnify and hold Freescale Semiconductor and its officers, employees, subsidiaries, affiliates, and distributors harmless against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, and reasonable attorney fees arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use, even if such claim alleges that Freescale Semiconductor was negligent regarding the design or manufacture of the part.

Freescale™ and the Freescale logo are trademarks of Freescale Semiconductor, Inc. All other product or service names are the property of their respective owners.

© Freescale Semiconductor, Inc. 2004.

Mouser Electronics

Authorized Distributor

Click to View Pricing, Inventory, Delivery & Lifecycle Information:

[Freescale Semiconductor:](#)

[DEMO9S12NE64E](#)